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Chapter:- 3. ATOMS AND MOLECULES.

<u>CLASS</u>:-<u>IX</u>th <u>SUBJECT</u>:-<u>CHEMISTRY</u>

<u>SUBTEACHER:-VÍKASH KR. RAJAK</u> <u>DA TE</u> :-<u>06/06/2020</u>

<u>Topic</u>:- <u>Chemical Formulae</u>

Chemical Formulae:- A chemical formula represents the composition of a molecule of the substance in terms of the symbols of the elements present in the molecule. A chemical formula is also known as a molecular formula. The formula can be of an element or of a compound.

Formulae of Elements:- The chemical formula of an element is a statement of the composition of its molecule in which symbol tells us the element and the subscript (lower figure) tells us how many atoms are present in one molecule. One molecule of hydrogen element contains two atoms of hydrogen, therefore, the formula of hydrogen is H₂. The figure 2 in the formula H₂ indicates that one molecule of hydrogen element contains 2 atoms of hydrogen. Please note that 2H represents 2 separate atoms of hydrogen; H₂ represents 1 molecule of hydrogen, and 2H₂ represents 2 molecules of hydrogen. Similarly, the molecular formula of oxygen element is O₂, nitrogen is N₂, and chlorine is Cl₂. The inert gases like helium, neon and argon are monoatomic, so their symbols and formulae are just the same. All the metals are represented by their symbols; they do not have any separate formulae.

Molecular Formulae of Some Common Elements				
Element	Formula	Element	Formula	
Hydrogen Nitrogen Oxygen Chlorine	H ₂ N ₂ O ₂ Cl ₂	Bromine Iodine Phosphorus Sulphur	$\begin{array}{c} Br_2\\ I_2\\ P_4\\ S_8\end{array}$	

Formulae of Compounds:-

The chemical formula of a compound is a statement of its composition in which the chemical symbols tell us which elements are present and the subscripts (lower figures) tell us how many atoms of each element are present in one molecule of the compound. Water is a compound whose molecule contains 2 atoms of hydrogen and 1 atom of oxygen. So, the formula of water is H₂O. In the formula H₂O, the symbol H₂ indicates 2 atoms of hydrogen (and not a molecule of hydrogen), and O represents 1 atom of oxygen. The figure in front of a formula shows the number of molecules. For example, 2H₂O means 2 molecules of water. The figure 2 multiplies the whole formula H₂O and not just the first element. That is, 2H₂O contains 4 atoms of hydrogen and two atoms of oxygen.

Formulae of Some Molecular Compounds				
	Name	Formula	Elements present	
1.	Water	H ₂ O	H and O	
2.	Carbon dioxide	CO ₂	C and O	
3.	Sulphur dioxide	SO ₂	S and O	
4.	Ammonia	NH ₃	N and H	
5.	Methane	CH_4	C and H	
6.	Ethanol (Alcohol)	C_2H_5OH	C, H and O	
7.	Hydrogen chloride	HC1	H and Cl	
8.	Carbon tetrachloride	CCl_4	C and Cl	
	(Tetrachloromethane)			
9.	Hydrogen sulphide	H_2S	H and S	
10.	Carbon disulphide	CS ₂	C and S	

<u>Home Work (Based on study material of 04-06-20)</u>

Answer the following questions:-

- 1. What is Monoatomic element?
- 2. What is Diatomic element?
- 3. What is Molecule?
- 4. What is Molecular Compound?